

WITHDRAWAL FROM SCHOOL

No pupil shall be permitted to withdraw from school except for the following reasons:

- A. Graduation from high school.
- B. Attainment of age eighteen (18).
- C. Attainment of age sixteen (16) with an age and school certificate issued under current state and school board regulations.
- D. Transfer to another appropriate educational placement.
- E. Change of residence of the parent(s) as defined by O.R.C. §3313.64 from an attendance area or the school district.

Upon withdrawal from school, student records shall be completed and closed. The reason for withdrawal shall be indicated, and the new address, if known, shall be entered.

When withdrawing from school, pupils shall turn in textbooks and any other property belonging to the Board of Education, pay all fees or other money due, and provide information relative to the receiving school. Upon receipt of a signed parent release, appropriate records will be sent to the receiving school by the building principal.

All student records shall be processed in accordance with Board of Education Policy.

In special or unusual circumstances, the Superintendent of Schools will specify the actions to be taken.

Loss of Driving Privileges

The educational program offered by this District is predicated upon the presence of the student and requires continuity of instruction and classroom participation. Attendance shall be required of all students enrolled in the schools during the days and hours that the school is in session or during the attendance sessions to which he/she has been assigned.

Whenever a student wishes to withdraw, effort should be made to determine the underlying reason for such action. No student under the age of eighteen (18) will be permitted to withdraw without the written consent of a parent and in compliance with state law.

When the Superintendent receives information that a student of compulsory school age has withdrawn from school, the Superintendent shall, within two (2) weeks after the withdrawal, notify the Registrar of Motor Vehicles and the Judge of the Juvenile Court. Such notification is not necessary if a student has withdrawn because of a change of residence, or the student is enrolled in and attending, in accordance with school policy, an approved program to obtain a diploma or its equivalent.

Notification to the Registrar of Motor Vehicles and the Juvenile Judge must be in writing and comply with any rule adopted by the registrar. Such notification should include the name, address, birthdate, and school the student attends. If the Superintendent determines that an error has occurred, the Registrar of Motor Vehicles and the Juvenile Court shall be notified immediately.

After receiving such information from the Superintendent, the Registrar of Motor Vehicles is required to suspend the temporary instruction permit or driver's license of the student who is the subject of the notice. If a temporary permit or license has not been issued for that student, the registrar is prohibited from issuing a temporary permit or a license. Any denial of driving privileges shall remain in effect until the student reaches eighteen (18) or until the denial of driving privileges is terminated for another reason allowable under the Ohio law.

In compliance with Ohio law, a student whose driving privileges have been denied can file a petition with the juvenile court in whose jurisdiction he/she resides alleging that the notice given to the registrar was in error or that the loss of driving privileges will result in substantial hardship.

LEGAL REFS: O.R.C. §3321.13

Adopted: August 20, 2012